



● Word Pair Analogies Answer Key *(low-beginning level)*

Worksheet 1

1) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Up is the opposite of down.

Left is the opposite of (A) right.

2) A

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

Eyes are used to see.

Fingers are used to (A) touch.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of summer is to be hot.

A characteristic of winter is to be (D) cold.

4) A

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a banana is to be yellow.

A characteristic of a carrot is to be (A) orange.

5) C

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Pork is a type of meat.

French is a type of (C) language.

6) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A nurse works at a hospital.

A waiter works at a (D) restaurant.

7) B

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A pencil is used to write.

A knife is used to (B) cut.

8) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEGREE

Something that is very good is wonderful.

Something that is very tasty is (A) delicious.

9) A

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

Someone who is hungry should eat.

Someone who is tired should (A) rest.

10) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A bed can be found in a bedroom.

A toilet can be found in a (D) bathroom.

Worksheet 2

1) B

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Something that is dead is not alive.

Something that is dry is not (B) wet.

6) C

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of concrete is to be hard.

A characteristic of ice is to be (C) cold.

2) A

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A window is made out of glass.

A shirt is made out of (A) cloth.

7) A

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A handle is part of a broom.

A wing is part of an (A) airplane.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Happiness is a type of emotion.

A ring is a type of (D) jewelry.

8) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A salad is made up of vegetables.

A book is made up of (D) pages.

4) A

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Biology is a type of science.

Bread is a type of (A) food.

9) B

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Tennis is a type of sport.

Painting is a type of (B) art.

5) B

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

Money is used to buy things.

Soap is used to (B) wash things.

10) B

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A desk can be found in a classroom.

A sink can be found in a (B) kitchen.

Worksheet 3

1) C

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

Toothpaste is used to clean teeth.

Shampoo is used to clean (C) hair.

6) B

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

An umbrella can protect you from the rain.

Sunscreen can protect you from the (B) sun.

2) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION

By definition, a woman is female.

By definition, a man is (D) male.

7) B

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Chess is a type of game.

Lipstick is a type of (B) makeup.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A mop is used to clean.

A stove is used to (D) cook.

8) C

BRIDGE TYPE: LACK

Someone who is stupid lacks intelligence.

Someone who is bald lacks (C) hair.

4) C

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

A guitar is a type of instrument.

A sofa is a type of (C) furniture.

9) A

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A wall is part of a room.

A knee is part of a (A) leg.

5) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

The opposite of early is late.

The opposite of near is (A) far.

10) C

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

October comes before November.

Spring comes before (C) summer.

Worksheet 4

1) C

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Someone who is strong is not weak.

Someone who is fat is not (C) thin.

2) A

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of water is to be

wet.

A characteristic of fire is to be (A)

hot.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEGREE

If you like something a lot, you love it.

If you dislike something a lot, you

(D) hate it.

4) A

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a circle is to be

round.

A characteristic of a rock is to be (A)

hard.

5) D

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A tire is part of a bike.

A screen is part of a (D) television.

6) C

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

The function of an airplane is to fly.

The function of a boat is to (C) sail.

7) C

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

A parrot is a type of bird.

A dictionary is a type of (C) book.

8) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Day is the opposite of night.

Good is the opposite of (A) bad.

9) D

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A ladder is used to climb.

A pot is used to (D) cook.

10) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A ring is worn around one's finger.

A bracelet is worn around one's (D) wrist.

Worksheet 5

1) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION

By definition, a lamb is a baby sheep.

By definition, a puppy is a baby (D) dog.

6) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

You sit in a chair.

You sleep in a (D) bed.

2) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Someone who is asleep is not awake.

Someone who is sick is not (A) healthy.

7) B

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Win is the opposite of lose.

Smile is the opposite of (B) frown.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

A necklace is a type of jewelry.

A violin is a type of (D) instrument.

8) C

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

You keep your car in a garage.

You keep your clothes in a (C) closet.

4) C

BRIDGE TYPE: DEGREE

Something that is very interesting is fascinating.

Something that is very surprising is (C) shocking.

9) C

BRIDGE TYPE: LACK

Someone who is blind lacks the ability to see.

Someone who is deaf lacks the ability to (C) hear.

5) D

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A broom is used to sweep.

A hammer is used to (D) hit.

10) C

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

The function of a dancer is to dance.

The function of an author is to (C) write.

Worksheet 6

1) D

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A keyboard is part of a piano.

A trunk is part of an (D) car.

2) B

BRIDGE TYPE: LACK

Someone who is homeless lacks a home.

Someone who is unemployed lacks a (B) job.

3) B

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a joke is to be funny.

A characteristic of a diamond is to be (B) expensive.

4) C

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a racecar is to be fast.

A characteristic of a genius is (C) smart.

5) A

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

The job of a teacher is to teach.

The job of an actor is to (A) act.

6) B

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

A pie is a type of dessert.

A supermarket is a type of (B) store.

7) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

True is the opposite of false.

Interesting is the opposite of (D) boring.

8) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

You watch a television.

You drive a (D) car.

9) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

To buy is the opposite of to sell.

To give is the opposite of to (A) take.

10) B

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A refrigerator can be found in a kitchen.

A desk can be found in an (B) office.

Worksheet 7

1) A

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Pasta is a type of food.

Milk is a type of (A) drink.

2) B

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A weapon is used to attack.

A grill is used to (B) cook.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A clown performs at a circus.

A singer performs at a (D) concert.

4) B

BRIDGE TYPE: DEGREE

Something that is very bad is horrible.

Something that is very good is (B) great.

5) D

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

A barber works with people's hair.

A dentist works with people's (D) teeth.

6) A

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

An attic is below a house.

A basement is (A) below a house.

7) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

To listen is the opposite of to ignore.

To move is the opposite of to (A) stay.

8) B

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A mattress is part of a bed.

A cushion is part of an (B) couch.

9) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Serious is the opposite of silly.

Depressed is the opposite of (A) happy.

10) C

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

One packs a suitcase.

One wraps a (C) present.

Worksheet 8

1) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

To create is the opposite of to destroy.

To write is the opposite of to (D) erase.

2) C

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

The plural of foot is feet.

The plural of child is (C) children.

3) C

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

Temperature is measured in degrees.

Time is measured in (C) seconds.

4) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEGREE

Something that is very bad is terrible.

Something that is very pretty is (D) beautiful.

5) D

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of coffee is to be hot.

A characteristic of snow is to be (D) cold.

6) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Empty is the opposite of full.

Expensive is the opposite of (A) cheap.

7) D

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

The function of a key is to unlock.

The function of a telephone is to (D) communicate.

8) B

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of metal is to be shiny.

A characteristic of glass is to be (B) clear.

9) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Nervous is the opposite of calm.

Nice is the opposite of (D) mean.

10) B

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION

Loud is synonymous with noisy.

Smart is synonymous with (B) intelligent.

Worksheet 9

1) A

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

Friday is part of the week.

December is part of the (A) year.

2) C

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a bird is to have feathers.

A characteristic of a bear is to have (C) fur.

3) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Warm is the opposite of cool.

Safe is the opposite of (D) dangerous.

4) D

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a baby is to be small.

A characteristic of an elephant is to be (D) large.

5) A

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Heavy is the opposite of light.

Calm is the opposite of (A) excited.

6) C

BRIDGE TYPE: DEGREE

Someone who is very angry is furious.

Someone who is very tired is (C) exhausted.

7) A

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

Rock is a type of music.

Golf is a type of (A) sport.

8) A

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

Sunrise is the beginning of the day.

Sunset is the beginning of the (A) night.

9) B

BRIDGE TYPE: OTHER

Someone who is popular has a lot of friends.

Someone who is intelligent has a lot of (B) knowledge.

10) C

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A truck is used to transport.

A straw is used to (C) drink.

Worksheet 10

1) A

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of a leopard is to have spots.

A characteristic of a zebra is to have (A) stripes.

2) D

BRIDGE TYPE: TYPE/KIND

A sandal is a type of shoe.

A dog is a type of (D) animal.

3) B

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Before is the opposite of after.

Over is the opposite of (B) under.

4) B

BRIDGE TYPE: CHARACTERISTIC

A characteristic of candy is to be sweet.

A characteristic of war is to be (B) violent.

5) D

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

To fix is the opposite of to break.

To push is the opposite of (D) pull.

6) B

BRIDGE TYPE: FUNCTION

A car is used transport.

The function of a letter is to (B) communicate.

7) C

BRIDGE TYPE: DEFINITION (ANTONYMS)

Hungry is the opposite of full.

Polite is the opposite of (C) rude.

8) A

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A branch is part of a tree.

A heel is part of a (A) foot.

9) D

BRIDGE TYPE: LACK

Someone who is lost lacks direction.

Someone who is confused lacks (D) understanding.

10) A

BRIDGE TYPE: PART TO WHOLE

A word is part of a sentence.

A roof is part of a (A) house.