

Advanced Matching – Land Formations Part 1

Directions: Draw a line from words to their definitions.



A) continent

1) A generally massive and usually steep-sided, raised portion of the Earth's surface

B) continental drift

2) A natural elevation of the earth's surface, smaller than a mountain

C) earthquake

3) An extensive, relatively level area of land

D) lake

4) An elevated, comparatively level expanse of land

E) pond

5) A dry, often sandy region of little rainfall, extreme temperatures, and sparse vegetation

F) hill

6) The lateral movement of continents resulting from the motion of crustal plates

G) mountain

7) A sudden movement of the earth's crust caused by the release of stress accumulated along geologic faults or by volcanic activity

H) plateau

8) One of the seven main landmasses of the globe

I) plain

9) A natural hot spring that regularly ejects a spray of steam and boiling water into the air

J) cliff

10) A high, steep, or overhanging face of a rock

K) geyser

11) An opening in the Earth's crust from which lava, ash, and hot gases flow or are ejected during an eruption

L) volcano

12) A huge mass of ice slowly flowing over a land mass, formed from compacted snow in an area where snow accumulation exceeds melting and sublimation

M) cave

13) A naturally occurring underground hollow or passage, especially one with an opening to the surface of the Earth

N) glacier

14) A long, deep, narrow valley with steep cliff walls, cut into the Earth by running water and often having a stream at the bottom

O) canyon

15) A small area in a desert that has a supply of water and is able to support vegetation

P) desert

16) A large inland body of standing fresh or salt water

Q) oasis

17) An inland body of standing water that is smaller than a lake